Multiple sclerosis

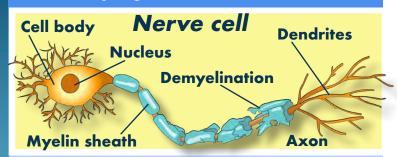
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Overcoming MS Facilitator



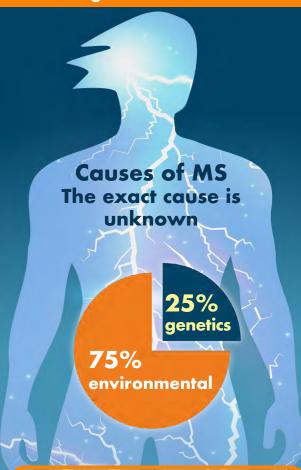
Multiple sclerosis (MS) is an inflammatory condition that causes demyelination of the brain and spinal cord, resulting in progressive disability.

Currently there is no cure but there are some disease modifying therapies that can slow progression in some people.



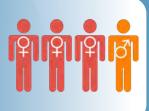
It is the most common degenerative neurological condition in younger people, and numbers are increasing each year.

Currently over 110,000 people in the UK have MS, 2.5million world wide.



Disease progression is largely determined by modifiable lifestyle factors, particularly if changes are made early on.²

Women are 3 times more likely to be diagnosed with MS but men tend to have more rapid progression.



MS is categorised into four groups:

- clinically isolated syndrome (just an odd episode)
- relapsing-remitting (RRMS)
- primary progressive
- secondary progressive

RRMS is the most common form although it is now thought that all groups are part of the same disease state, just different stages.

Environmental risk factors:

- Smoking
- Lack of sunlight/vitamin D
- Diet high in saturated fat and processed foods (leading to nutrient deficiency)
- Diet low in omega 3 fatty acids
- Lack of exercise
- High stress levels
- Viruses particular EBV

MS can affect all parts of the body. The most common symptoms are:

- Extreme fatigue and brain fog
- Eyesight issues like optic neuritis, double vision
- Tingling, pain or strange sensations
- Memory and cognitive issues
- Difficulty in walking
- Bowel and bladder issues

Research suggests that people with MS who follow a diet low in saturated fat have better outcomes.3



Eating whole plant foods with more fibre and micronutrients has also been shown to improve quality of life and lead to less fatigue.

Avoid the following foods:

Eliminate Meat, dairy and eggs (there is some evidence in the HOLISM study that fish s beneficial pecause of its omega 3 content

No Fried or deep fried food



No

Fast food or ultra-processed food including baked goods and pastries (particularly those with palm and/or coconut oil)

Avoid

Coconut – fresh, dried or oil – chocolate (cocoa butter) and peanuts





Stop smoking

Additional lifestyle factors:

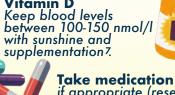
quinoa etc



Rest as needed, sleep well.

Beans and legumes





if appropriate (research shows best outcomes with mixture of disease modifying treatment and lifestyle changes).²

(not coconut)

References

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